CONFUSED ABOUT QUALITY?

Unfortunately there are no industry standards for leather glove quality. Many glove manufacturers offer only two or three grades of leather and are very quick to label the best they have as “A Grade.” This may compare equally with Majestic’s B or even BC grade, creating confusion and perhaps user dissatisfaction. Majestic offers five leather grades in grain leather alone. When you take into account various thicknesses, tanning, and types of leather available (such as deer, elk, gemsbok, goat, pig or camel), the decision of which glove to purchase becomes more difficult. Consider the variety of thumb styles, hems, sewing options, fit, comfort and job application…the options and possibilities are endless. To assist in your glove buying decisions, we strongly urge sample comparison and user field evaluations. We have invested in local market hand protection professionals, trained to provide the best solution for hand protection hazards. Call Majestic or your local glove specialist to see how we can help eliminate product quality confusion and get you the samples needed to make the best decision on your glove needs.

TYPES OF LEATHER

**Cowhide:** Most commonly used because of availability and durability.

**Pig:** Economical price, dries soft (depending on tanning).

**Goat:** High wear resistance comparatively, flexible.

**Deer:** High flexibility and soft, dries soft. (This is the best.)

**Gemsbok:** From the deer family, soft and economical price.

**Camel:** High wear resistance and soft. Wear all day long without being thirsty.

*see cuts of leather for sub-classifications.

GLOVE MATERIAL

**Leather:** Excellent protection for abrasion and cuts, breathability and comfort at an economical price.

**Synthetic leather (Amara, Armor Skin):** A synthetic microfiber. Excellent dexterity and high abrasion resistance.

**Dyneema®:** Synthetic fiber with high cut and abrasion resistance. Chemically inert to sanitation bleaches and high PH laundering.

**Nitrile:** A synthetic rubber with a high abrasion, cut and chemical resistance.*

**Neoprene:** A synthetic rubber with a high chemical and heat resistance.*

**PVC (Polyvinyl Chloride):** Broad range of low hazard chemical resistance, economical price.*

**Vinyl (Polyvinyl Chloride):** See PVC.

**Latex:** A natural product that provides chemical resistance, economical price.*

**Polyurethane (PU):** A synthetic material, high abrasion resistance, chemical-resistant, very flexible.*

**Kevlar® Aramid Fiber:** A man-made fiber with high cut and heat resistance.

**HPPE:** High performance polyethylene fiber with high cut and abrasion resistance. Chemically inert to sanitation bleaches and high PH laundering

**Wool:** Natural fiber, excellent insulator.

**Cotton:** Natural fiber, economical price. Used for basic abrasion protection to insulation, depending on construction.

**Polyester:** A synthetic material mainly used in seamless gloves or as a blend to strengthen cotton knit materials.

**Nylon:** A synthetic, high tensile strength fiber, mainly used in lightweight coated, knit inspection and low lint applications gloves.

*Consult chemical manufacturers MSDS (Material Safety Data Sheet) for hand protection requirements.

THE KING OF SIZES

As a leader in drivers gloves, we continuously strive to improve our line for both industrial and consumer drivers gloves. Our gloves are available in an extensive range of sizes—seven adult sizes in some styles, up to eight in others. We are also proud to offer new and innovative ideas in hand protection. Our goal is to continue to offer you safer, better, more comfortable and longer-wearing gloves.

What size do you need? Measure around the knuckles and palm, excluding the thumb. The measurement in inches is your numeric size. The chart below represents the industry accepted bias tape color for the size identification of drivers gloves.

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